

Learn Live Achieve and Contribute

Kharghar, Navi Mumbai - 410 210.

ADVANCED SURVEYING

- 1. What is the principle of plane table survey?
- 2. State the different accessories used in plane table survey.
- 3. Explain with neat sketch the method of radiation.
- 4. What are the errors that may occur in plane table surveying?
- 5. What are the precautions to be taken in plane table surveying?
- 6. State the advantages and disadvantages of plane table.



Learn Live Achieve and Contribute

Kharghar, Navi Mumbai - 410 210.

ADVANCED SURVEYING

ASSIGNMENT NO.2

1. Define

- Centering
- Face left
- Face right
- Telescope normal
- Telescope inverted
- 2. Explain the process of temporary adjustment of a theodolite
- 3. Describe the process of measuring horizontal angle.
- 4. Describe the procedure of measuring deflection angles
- 5. Describe the process of measuring magnetic bearing of a line by a theodolite.
- 6. Explain the checks in open and closed traverse .
- 7. ABCDA is a closed traverse in which the bearing of DA and length of BC have not been recorded. The rest of the field records are as follows :

Line	Length (m)	Bearing
AB	335	181 [®] 18′
BC	?	90 [®] 00'
CD	408	357®36′
DA	828	?



Learn Live Achieve and Contribute

Kharghar, Navi Mumbai - 410 210.

ADVANCED SURVEYING

ASSIGNMENT NO.3

- 1. Explain the theory of stadia tacheometry.
- 2. Describe the methods of determining the constants of a tacheometer from field measurements.
- 3. What are the sources of error in tacheometry?
- 4. A tacheometer fitted with an analytic lens and having a multiplying constant of 100 was set up at R which is intermediate point on a traverse leg AB. The following readings were taken with staff held vertically

Staff station	Bearing	Vertical angle	Intercept	Axial hair reading
А	40®35'	-4®24′	2021	1.99
В	22®35′	-5®12′	2.02	1.90

Calculate the length of AB and the level difference between A & B.



Learn Live Achieve and Contribute

Kharghar, Navi Mumbai - 410 210.

ADVANCED SURVEYING

- 1. Derive a relation between the radius and degree of a curve.
- 2. What are the different types of curves? Explain with neat sketch.
- 3. Describe the method of setting a simple circular curve by Rankine's deflection angle method.
- 4. Explain transition curve
- 5. Tabulate the data required for setting out a curve by deflection angle method, considering the following info.
 - Angle of intersection=145[®]
 - Chainage of point of intersection=1580 m
 - Degree of curve=5[®]
 - Peg interval=30 m



- 1. State modern surveying instruments.
- 2. Give classification of EDM instruments.
- 3. State the uses of total station.
- 4. State the features of total station.
- 5. Describe the layout of a small building by using total station.
- 6. State the principle of EDM with sketch
- 7. State the advantages of total station.



- 1. Differentiate between passive & active sensors.
- 2. State with sketch principle of remote sensing.
- 3. State the applications of remote sensing.
- 4. Define GIS. Enlist the key components of GIS
- 5. Explain Sources of error in GIS.
- 6. State the uses of GPS.